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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/625,698	07/24/2003	Hideki Agari	R2180.0163/P163	9943
24998	7590	04/11/2006	EXAMINER	
DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY LLP			STERRETT, JEFFREY L	
2101 L Street, NW			ART UNIT	
Washington, DC 20037			PAPER NUMBER	
			2838	
DATE MAILED: 04/11/2006				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/625,698	Applicant(s) AGARI ET AL.	
	Examiner Jeffrey L. Sterrett	Art Unit 2838	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 March 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
2. Claims 1-5, 16, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Umeda (US 6,597,158).

Umeda discloses a power supply apparatus (Figure 1 or 6) comprising a first power supply circuit (2) that converts a source voltage (V_{in}) from a direct current power source (not illustrated) into a first voltage (V_{out} in figure 3) and providing the first voltage to an output voltage terminal (7) and detecting (via a first voltage divider (R_1 and R_2) and a first operational amplifier (21) responsive to a first reference voltage generator ("Reference voltage" from a generator not illustrated)) the voltage at the output terminal (7) and providing the first voltage based on the detection when the second power supply is inactive and a second power supply circuit (8 or 11) that converts the source voltage (V_{in}) from the direct current power source (not illustrated) into a second voltage (V_{out} in any of figures 2, 4A, 4B, 5A, 5B, or 7) and provides the second voltage to the output terminal (7) and being controlled to be turned on and off (see lines 7-10 of column 4 or line 63 of column 4 through line 2 of column 5 or lines 59-65 of column 7) wherein the first and second voltages are unequal.

3. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Umeda in view of Hirake et al (US 2002/0041178).

Umeda discloses a power supply apparatus as explained above and as recited by claims 6 and 7 except for specifying that certain circuit elements are integrated together. Hirake et al discloses that integrating circuit a select group of elements of a

Art Unit: 2838

power supply apparatus was an old and known expedient in the art at the time of the invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have integrated a select group of elements of the power supply apparatus of Umeda as disclosed by Hirake et al in order to minimize the size of the power supply apparatus.

4. Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Umeda in view of Hirake et al.

Umeda discloses a power supply apparatus as explained above and as recited by claims 8 and 9 except for specifying that the smoothing circuit includes a transistor operated as a flywheel diode. Hirake et al discloses as old and known in the art at the time of the invention a smoothing circuit including a flywheel diode (D1) and additionally official notice is taken that operating a transistor as a diode was an old and known expedient in the art at the time of the invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified the power supply apparatus of Umeda by including a flywheel diode in the smoothing circuit of the switching regulator in order to derive a desired filter characteristic as disclosed by Hirake et al and it would have been further obvious to said skilled artisan to have also utilized a transistor operated as a diode as the flywheel diode since doing so would provide control over the operation of the flywheel action.

5. Claims 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Umeda in view of Manabe et al (US 6,236,194) and Pizzi et al (US 5,258,701).

Umeda discloses a power supply apparatus as explained above and as recited by claims 10 and 11 except for utilizing a switching element between the outputs of the first and second power supply circuits. Manabe et al discloses as old and known in the art at the time of the invention utilizing a switching element (17) between the outputs of a first (5a) and second (5b) power supply circuits and Pizzi discloses that utilizing a forward connected diode (32) on the output of one of the power supply circuits (12 and 14) to prevent reverse current flow was an old and known expedient in the art at the time of the invention as such a switching element. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified the power supply apparatus of Umeda by including a switching element between the outputs of the first and second power supply circuits in order to select one of the two power supply circuit outputs as disclosed by Manabe et al and it would have been further obvious to said skilled artisan to have also utilized a diode as a simple implementation of the switching element to prevent reverse current flow as taught by Pizzi.

6. Claims 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Umeda in view of Manabe et al and Pizzi as applied to claim 10 above and further in view of Hirake et al.

Umeda, Manabe et al, and Pizzi collectively disclose a power supply apparatus as explained above and as recited by claims 12-15 except for specifying that certain circuit elements are integrated together. Hirake et al discloses that integrating circuit a select group of elements of a power supply apparatus was an old and known expedient in the art at the time of the invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill

Art Unit: 2838

in the art at the time of the invention to have integrated a select group of elements of the power supply apparatus collectively disclosed by Umeda, Manabe et al, and Pizzi as disclosed by Hirake et al in order to minimize the size of the power supply apparatus.

7. Applicant's arguments filed March 23, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In regards to the remarks concerning the disclosure of Umeda et al (US 6,597,158), the applicant's point is not clearly understood. Umeda et al clearly discloses a power supply as currently recited by the claims (as noted in detail above in paragraph 2 in regards to independent claim 1 specifically). Applicant's remarks concerning the utilization of "Light load judging signal" S1 is confusing since there is nothing in the current claim language either setting forth a different control scheme or prohibiting the control scheme disclosed by Umeda et al. As a matter of fact, the current claims are completely silent on this issue. Thus as currently set forth the recited invention is properly read upon by the disclosure of Umeda et al.

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

Art Unit: 2838

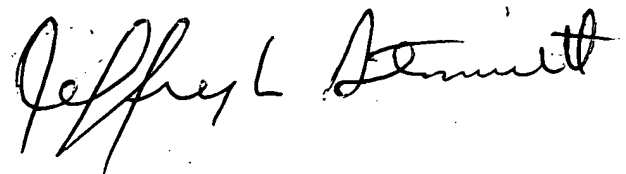
the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey L. Sterrett whose telephone number is (571) 272-2085. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday & 8:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Karl D. Easthom can be reached on (571) 272-1989. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeffrey L. Sterrett
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2838

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jeffrey L. Sterrett", is written over the printed name and title.